

BASIC BLUEPRINT READING ASSESSMENT

Module 2 (8HR) – Plans and Drawings

Directions: *Circle the letter of the correct answer.*

1. The views of an orthographic drawing are projected at _____ angles.
 - a. 180 degrees
 - b. 90 degrees
 - c. 45 degrees
 - d. 1360 degrees

2. _____ is the ability to see the size and shape of the structure from a set of plans.
 - a. Estimate
 - b. Visualization
 - c. Project
 - d. Interpretation

3. _____ is the ability to read line, symbols, dimensions, notes, and other information on the print or plan.
 - a. Estimate
 - b. Visualization
 - c. Project
 - d. Interpretation

4. Reading and understanding construction blueprints and plans begin with recognizing the various _____.
 - a. Symbols, abbreviations, lines
 - b. Abbreviations, lines, drawings
 - c. Symbols, lines, CAD drawings
 - d. CAD drawings, symbols, abbreviations

5. The _____ is the basis of all industrial drawings.
 - a. Blueprint
 - b. Plan
 - c. Line
 - d. Angle

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6. A _____ line is an extra heavy line made up of two short dashed alternating with long dashes and it shown on a site plan.
- a. Property
 - b. Object
 - c. Hidden
 - d. Break
7. A _____ line is a heavy continuous line that shows the outline structure of an object, such as rooms, doors, and windows.
- a. Property
 - b. Object
 - c. Hidden
 - d. Break
8. A _____ line is made up of medium weight, evenly spaced, short dashes and are used to show objects, edges, or surfaces that are not visible to a particular view.
- a. Property
 - b. Object
 - c. Hidden
 - d. Break
9. A _____ line is used to show that an object has not been drawn in its entirety.
- a. Property
 - b. Object
 - c. Hidden
 - d. Break
10. The _____ is considered to be the most important part of the drawing.
- a. Site plan
 - b. Floor plan
 - c. Specifications
 - d. Show drawing

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11. _____ drawings show the exterior view of a building as seen by a person looking at each side.
- a. Elevation
 - b. Cross-sectional
 - c. Interior
 - d. None of the answers provided
12. _____ drawings show the type and construction of a particular interior wall or area.
- a. Elevation
 - b. Cross-sectional
 - c. Interior
 - d. None of the answers provided
13. _____ drawings are made by imagining that a cut has been made through an object at right angles.
- a. Elevation
 - b. Cross-sectional
 - c. Interior
 - d. None of the answers provided
14. When storing and transporting blueprints, it is recommended that they be _____.
- a. Folded
 - b. Stapled
 - c. Rolled
 - d. Bent

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Scales and Dimensions

1. The dimensional relationship of the full-sized structure to the drawing is based upon a _____.
 - a. Unit
 - b. Inch
 - c. Foot
 - ☒ d. Scale

2. The most reliable tool for calculating a measurement is the _____.
 - ☒ a. Architect's
 - b. Engineer's
 - c. Foreman's
 - d. Superintendent's

3. Typically, the fractional rule in the construction industry is divided into _____.
 - a. 4ths or 8ths
 - b. 5ths and 10ths
 - ☒ c. 8ths and 16ths
 - d. 6ths and 12ths

4. Construction drawings are drawn to _____.
 - ☒ a. Scale
 - b. Full size
 - c. Enlarged size
 - d. None of the answers provided

5. Architect's scales are ____ inches long.
 - a. 16
 - b. 24
 - c. 6
 - ☒ d. 12

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6. A _____ architect scale has 11 scales in all.
- a. Rectangular
 - b. Square
 - ☒ c. Triangular
 - d. Polygon
7. When using an engineer's scale, one must multiply the value identified by _____.
- a. 5
 - ☒ b. 10
 - c. 20
 - d. 100
8. Plan dimensions are always written in _____.
- a. Yards and inches
 - ☒ b. Feet and inches
 - c. Meters and centimeters
 - d. Yards and feet